
Crime in Harlingen 2006

The City of Harlingen
Crime Report



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Crime in Harlingen 2006

Harlingen Police Department

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Acknowledgements

This report on Crime in Harlingen was compiled from data submitted to the Records Division by members of the Harlingen Police Department and from data generated from calls for service.

This report is modeled after the Texas Department of Public Safety Annual Crime in Texas report. As such, format, crime analysis, and definitions have been similarly established in this report.

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City of Harlingen Crime Analysis

Crime Measurements

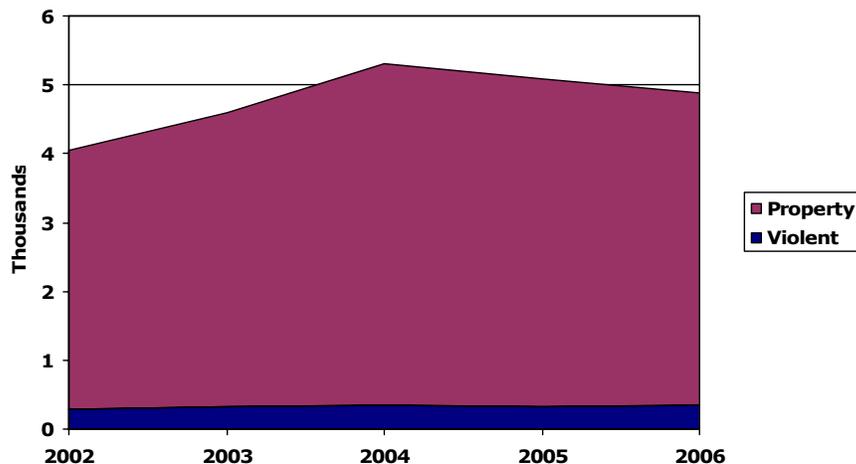
The City of Harlingen Police Department participates in the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program. UCR makes possible the measurement and analysis of crime index.

Crime Index

Uniform Crime Reporting is the reporting of seven index crimes. The crimes in this group are all serious, either by their nature or because of the frequency of their occurrence. These crimes can be categorized as violent crimes or property crimes. Violent crimes include murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. Property crimes include burglary, larceny/theft, and motor vehicle theft.

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
Murder	5	2	2	0	3
Rape	26	14	21	24	21
Robbery	54	53	68	61	67
Aggravated Assault	204	256	245	233	261
Burglary	795	911	1137	1055	1007
Larceny/Theft	2730	3171	3609	3489	3255
Auto Theft	227	181	231	229	272
Totals	4041	4588	5313	5091	4886

Index Crimes 2002-2006



Crime Trends

Crime trends are analyzed using two separate methods, crime volume and crime rates. Crime volume is the collective sum of the seven indexed crimes. By comparing the volume of indexed crime from year to year, trends can be evaluated.

Crime rates on the other hand, are compiled to compensate for the changes in population and show the number of people affected by crime in a given population. Crime rates are usually expressed in the number of crimes per 100,000 residents.

Crime Volume

During the calendar year 2006, there was a total of 4,887 index offenses in the City of Harlingen. The crime index decreased 4.0 percent when compared to 2005.

Harlingen Crime Volume by Offense				
Violent Crimes	Offense	2006	2005	% Change
	Murder	3	0	#DIV/0!
	Rape	21	24	-12.5%
	Robbery	67	61	9.8%
	Aggravated Assault	261	233	12.0%
	Violent Crime Totals	352	318	10.7%
Property Crimes	Burglary	1007	1055	-4.5%
	Larceny/Theft	3255	3489	-6.7%
	Auto Theft	272	229	18.8%
	Property Crime Totals	4534	4773	-5.0%
Index Crime Totals		4886	5091	-4.0%

Crime Rate

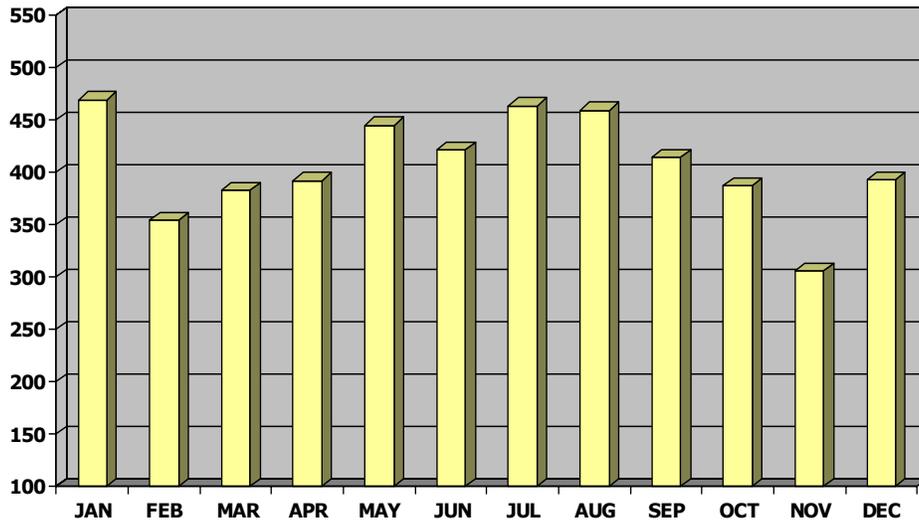
During the calendar year 2006, Harlingen's crime rate was 7,351.4 crimes per 100,000 persons. The crime rate decreased by 4.1 percent compared to last year.

Harlingen Crime Rate by Offense				
Violent Crimes	Offense	2006	2005	% Change
	Murder	4.5	0.0	#DIV/0!
	Rape	31.6	36.1	-12.5%
	Robbery	100.8	91.9	9.7%
	Aggravated Assault	392.7	350.8	12.0%
	Violent Crime Totals	529.6	478.8	10.6%
Property Crimes	Burglary	1515.2	1588.6	-4.6%
	Larceny/Theft	4897.8	5253.6	-6.8%
	Auto Theft	409.3	344.8	18.7%
	Property Crime Totals	6822.3	7187.0	-5.1%
Index Crime Totals		7351.9	7665.8	-4.1%

Annual Crime Trends

The highest month for crime was January with 469 index crimes reported. The lowest month of reported crime for 2005 was in November with 306 index crimes reported.

Index Crimes by Month 2006

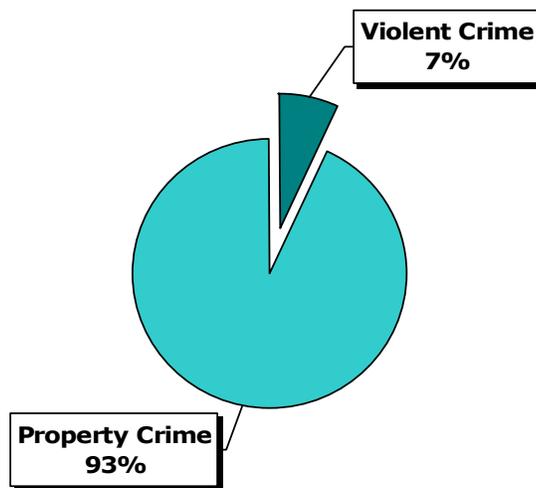


Type of Crime

Crime analysis usually looks at the two categories of crime mentioned before:

Violent crimes (or crimes against persons) and property crimes.

In 2006, 7 percent of the Crime Index was made up of violent crime and 93 percent was property crime.

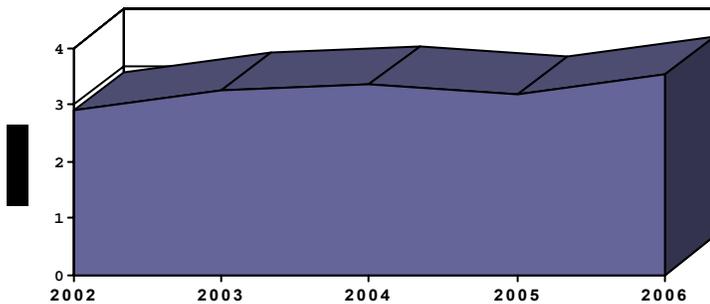


Type of Crime in Harlingen 2006

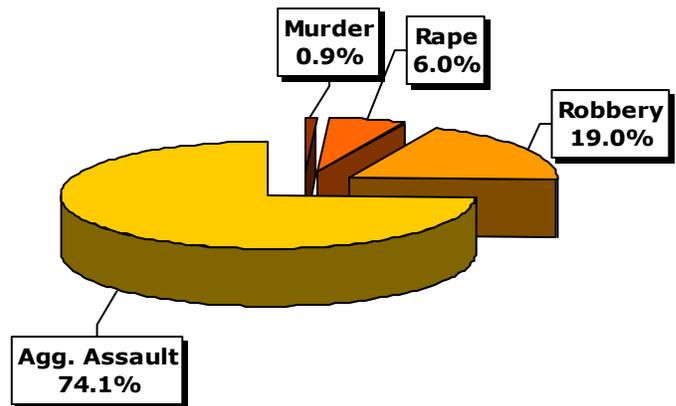
Violent Crimes

Violent crimes involve the element of personal confrontation between the perpetrator and the victim. Because of their nature, violent crimes are considered to be more serious than property crimes. In 2006, there were 352 violent crimes, which is an increase of 10.7 percent from 2005. The violent crime rate for 2006 was 529.6 crimes per 100,000 residents, which is an increase of 10.6 percent from 2005.

Violent Crimes 2002-2006



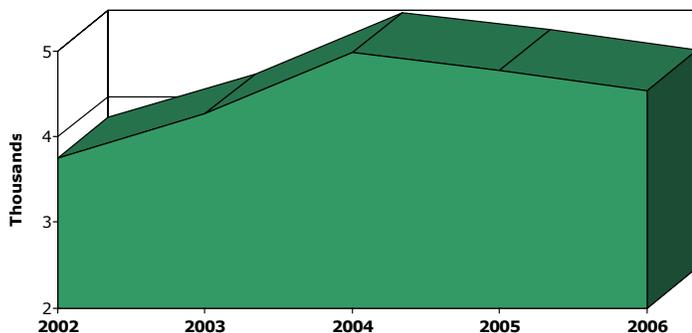
Violent Crimes by Offense 2006



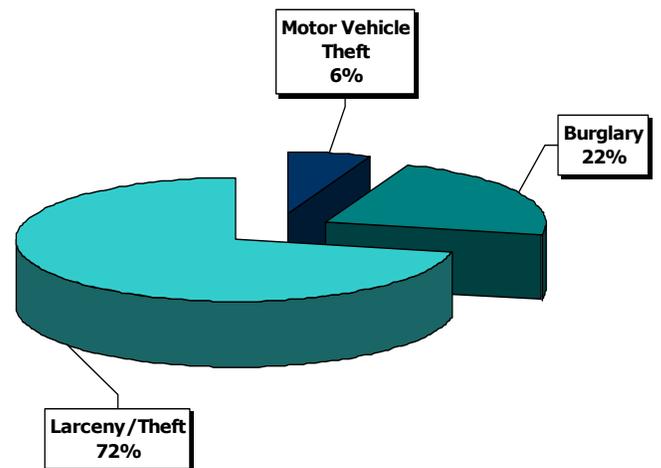
Property Crimes

The number of property crimes that occurred in 2006 was 4,534. Property crimes decreased by 5.0 percent from 2005. Larceny/theft accounted for 72 percent of the property crime, followed by burglary at 22 percent, and then motor vehicle theft at 6 percent. The 2006 property crime rate was 6,822.3 property crimes per 100,000 citizens. This was a decrease of 5.1 percent when compared to 2005.

Property Crimes 2002-2006



Property Crimes by Offense 2006



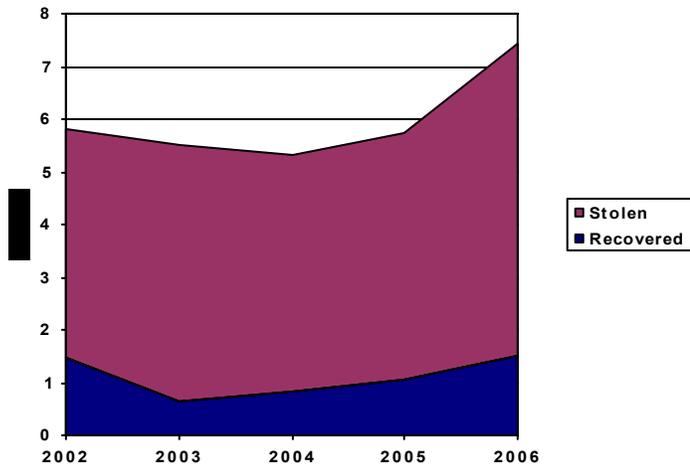
Stolen Property Value

The total reported value of property stolen during 2006 in the City of Harlingen was \$5,918,691. The amount stolen in 2005 was \$4,694,866. This represents a 26.1 percent increase. The total value of property recovered during 2006 was \$1,500,669. The amount recovered in 2005 was \$1,059,029. This represents a 41.7 percent increase in the value of property recovered.

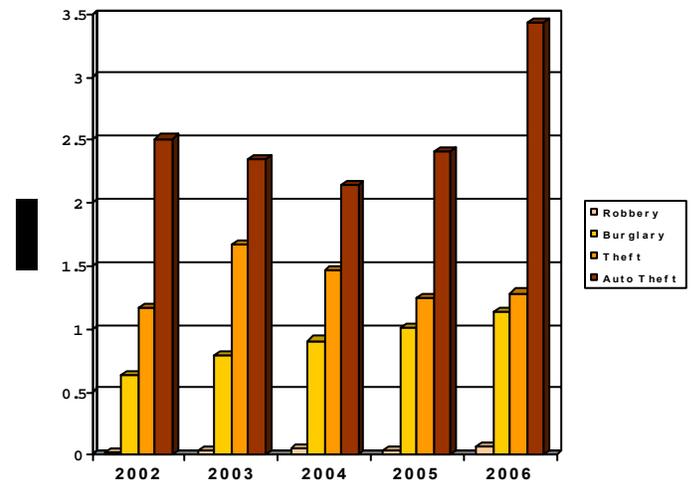
Value of Property Stolen and Recovered in 2006

PROPERTY TYPE	STOLEN	RECOVERED
Currency, Notes, Etc.	181,799	3,178
Jewelry & Precious Metals	509,226	107,131
Clothing & Furs	77,293	21,071
Stolen Motor Vehicles	3,608,818	1,217,199
Office Equipment	206,798	13,838
Televisions, Stereos, Etc.	376,107	12,117
Firearms	30,806	1,150
Household Goods	74,758	1,549
Consumable Goods	36,152	3,573
Livestock	-	-
Miscellaneous	816,934	119,863
TOTAL	\$5,918,691	\$1,500,669

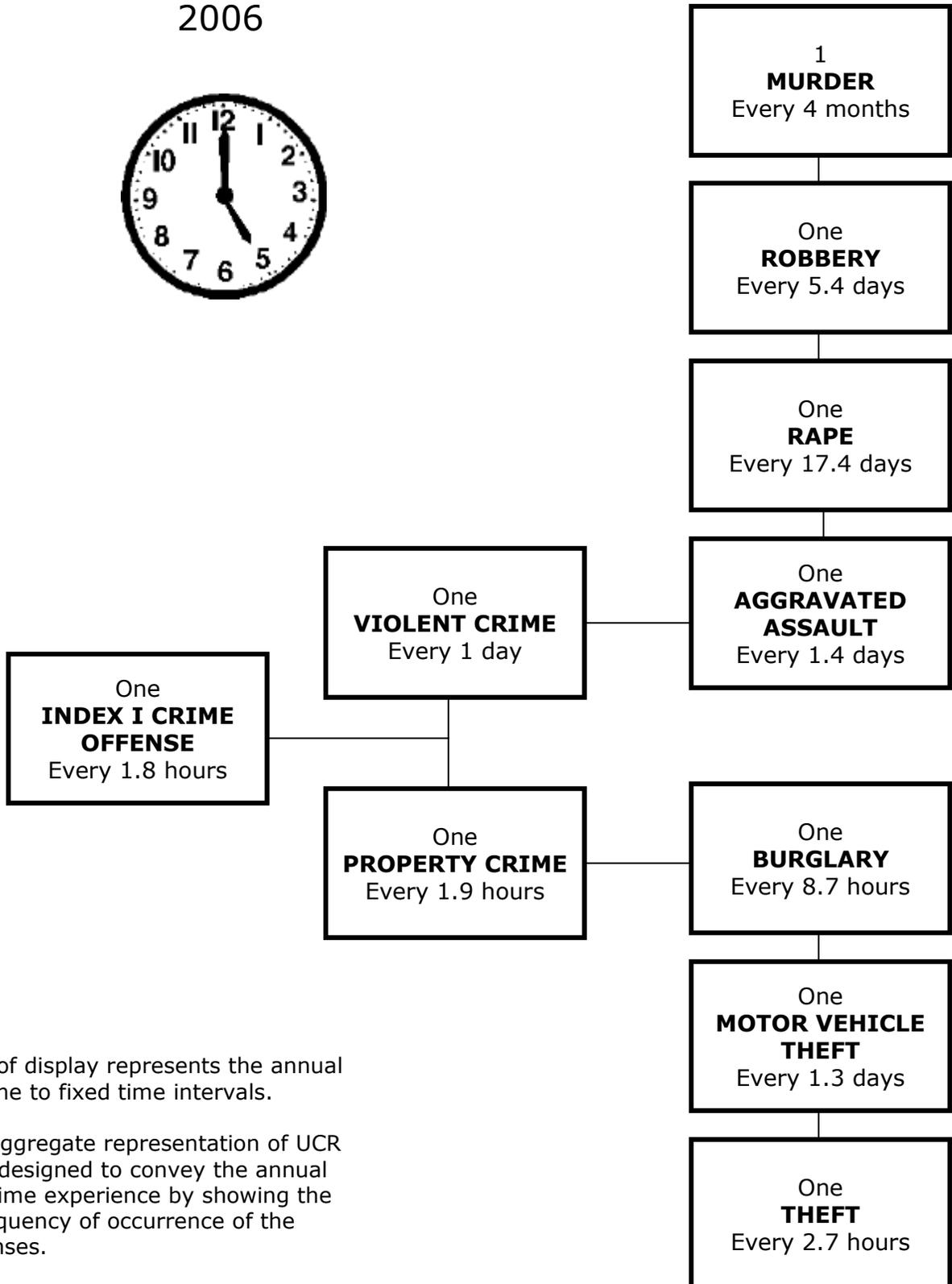
Total Property Lost 2002-2006



Property Value Lost to Crime



Harlingen Index Crime Clock 2006



This mode of display represents the annual ratio of crime to fixed time intervals.

This is an aggregate representation of UCR data. It is designed to convey the annual reported crime experience by showing the relative frequency of occurrence of the Index Offenses.

Crime in Harlingen

Comparison of Index Crimes for the Past Five Years

Year	Population*	Index	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny / Theft	Motor Vehicle Theft	Total
2002	59253	Volume	5	26	54	204	795	2730	227	4041
		Rate	8.4	43.9	91.1	344.3	1341.7	4607.4	383.1	6819.9
2003	64971	Volume	2	14	53	256	911	3171	181	4588
		Rate	3.1	21.5	81.6	394.0	1402.2	4880.6	278.6	7061.6
2004	63404	Volume	2	12	68	245	1137	3609	231	5304
		Rate	3.2	18.9	107.2	386.4	1793.3	5692.1	364.3	8365.4
2005	66411	Volume	0	24	61	233	1055	3489	229	5091
		Rate	0.0	36.1	91.9	350.8	1588.6	5253.6	344.8	7665.9
2006	66459	Volume	3	21	67	261	1007	3255	272	4886
		Rate	4.5	31.6	100.8	392.7	1515.2	4897.8	409.3	7351.9

This chart lists the crime volume and crime rate for the City of Harlingen for the past five years. The "rate" reflects the number of crime reported per 100,000 residents.

* Population figures were obtained from the Texas State Data Center as adopted by the City Commission.

Harlingen Crime Facts at a Glance 2006

- In 2006, there were 4,886 index offenses reported in Harlingen.
- The crime rate for the City of Harlingen was 7,351.9 index offenses per 100,000 inhabitants.
- During 2006, the Harlingen Police Department processed 3,603 arrests.
- Harlingen officers cleared 22.0 percent of index (part 1) crimes by arrest.
- 43.5 percent of violent crime reports were cleared by arrest.
- 20.3 percent of property crime reports were cleared by arrest.
- The value of stolen property totaled \$5,918,691.
- The offense of larceny/theft accounted for 66.6 percent of all index crimes.
- There were 261 aggravated assaults reported of which 63 percent were committed using some form of a dangerous weapon (excludes firearms, strong-arm tactics, and knives).
- There were 272 motor vehicle thefts reported, for a total loss of \$3,435,391.
- Residential burglaries accounted for 71 percent of all burglaries reported.

Index Crime Analysis

Index Crime Analysis

Murder

Definition

Murder and non-negligent manslaughter is defined in the UCR program as the willful killing of one human being by another.

This offense category includes any death as a direct result of a fight, argument, quarrel, assault or commission of a crime. Attempted murder and assaults with the intent to kill are not counted as murder, but are included in UCR as aggravated assaults. Suicides, accidental deaths, and justifiable homicides are also excluded from the murder classification.

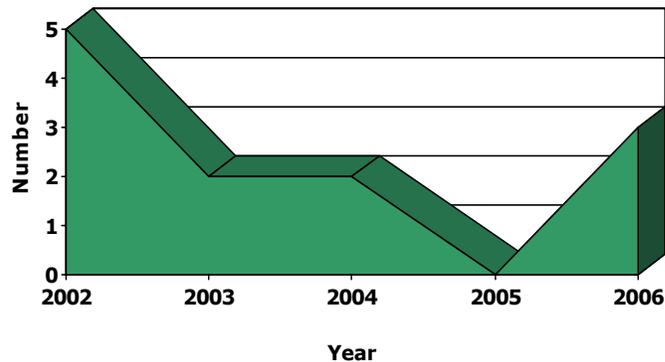
The classification of this offense as well as for all Index Crimes, is based solely on police investigation and not upon determinations by courts, medical examiners, coroners, juries or other judicial bodies.

Analysis

Volume

There were 3 reported murders in Harlingen in 2006. All cases were cleared by arrest.

Murder 2002-2006



On April 4, 2006, a 55 year old Hispanic male was found deceased in his apartment. The victim had trauma to his head. After investigation, a 30 year old Anglo male was arrested 2 days later.

On September 7, 2006, a 37 year old Hispanic male was shot several times. A Harlingen Police Officer was in the immediate area of where the shots were heard. A 45 year old Anglo male was arrested at the scene.

On November 18, 2006, a 50 year old Anglo female was found severely beaten in her residence. The victim died the following day and her common law husband, a 48 year old Anglo male, was arrested.

Rape

Definition

Rape is defined in the UCR program as the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. Statistics reported in this crime category include assaults to commit forcible rape. Rapes or attempts accomplished by force or threat of force are classified as forcible regardless of the age of the female victim. Statutory rape (rape against a female under the age of consent) and sexual assaults on males are excluded.

Analysis

Volume

The number of reported rapes in Harlingen in 2006 was 21. This represents a decrease of 12.5 percent when compared to 2005. The month of September had the most reported rapes.

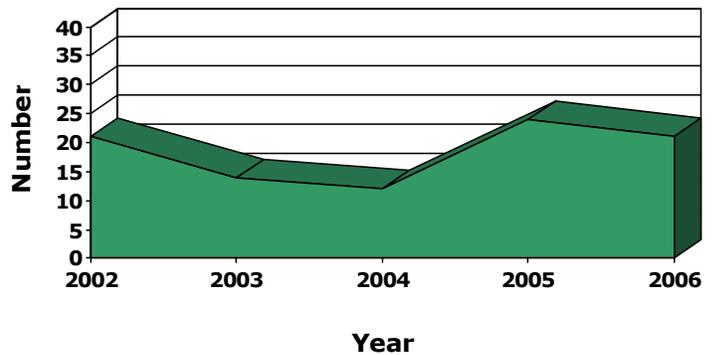
Rate

The rape rate for Harlingen was 31.6 rapes per 100,000 persons. The rape rate also decreased by 12.5 percent from 2005.

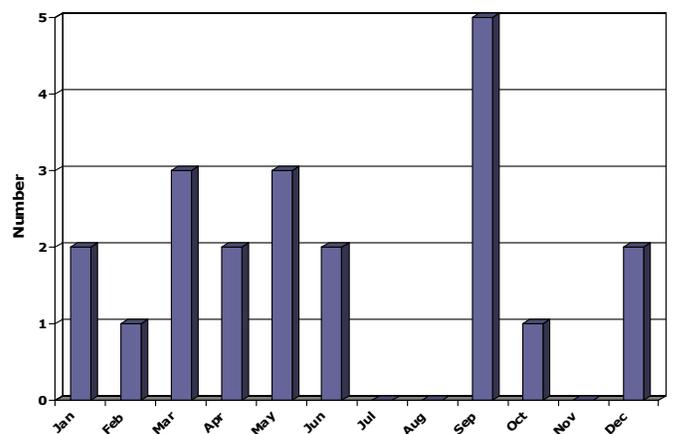
Nature of Rape

Forcible rape differs from other violent crimes because in many cases the victim is hesitant to report the offense to police. The rigors of court procedures, embarrassment and fear of any accompanying stigma exert a deterrent effect upon the victim's willingness to contact the police. The presence of prior relationship between the victim and offender may make the determination of force difficult to establish, while the usual clandestine nature of this crime presents a problem in verification. As attitudes toward the reporting of rape change, trends in the number of reported offenses can be expected to change correspondingly.

Rape 2002-2006



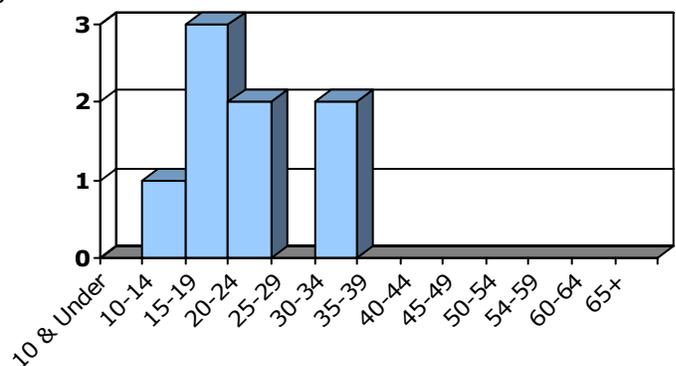
Rape Offenses by Month 2006



Persons Arrested

Eight adults were arrested for rape in 2006. Of the 21 reported rapes, 8 were cleared by arrest, 9 were exceptionally cleared and 4 remain under investigation.

Rape Arrestees by Age 2006



Robbery

Definition

Robbery is defined in the UCR program as the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force, threat of force or violence, or by putting the victim in fear.

Robbery is a violent crime that frequently results in injury to the victim. Included in this category are assaults to commit robbery and attempted robberies.

Analysis

Volume

The number of robberies committed in Harlingen in 2006 was 67. This represents an increase of 9.8 percent when compared to 2005. The month of October had the highest number of robberies with 9 being reported.

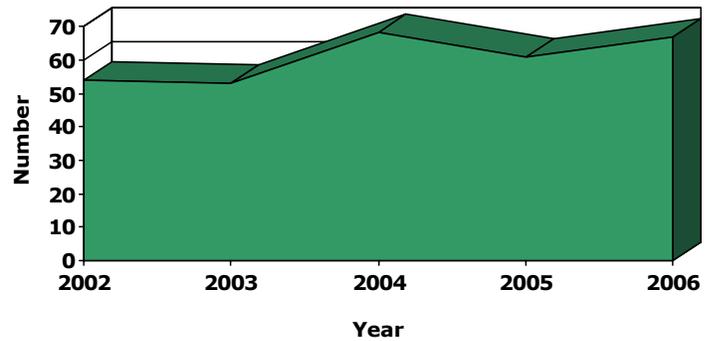
Rate

The robbery rate for Harlingen in 2006 was 100.8 robberies for every 100,000 persons. The change in the rate of robbery from 2005 was an increase of 9.7 percent.

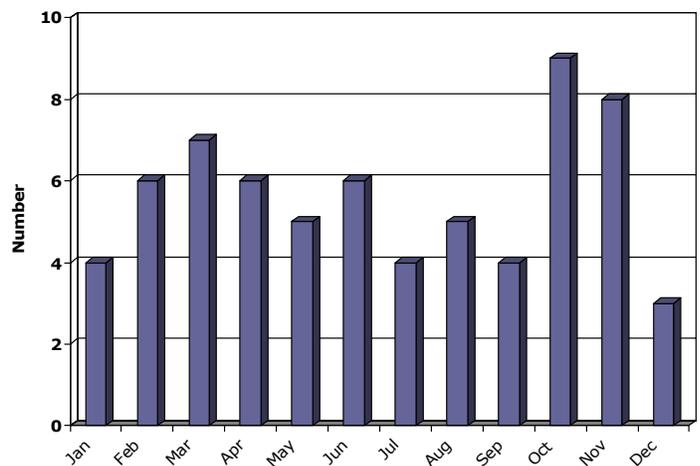
Persons Arrested

The number of persons arrested for robbery in 2006 totaled 53. There were 42 males and 11 females arrested. The age group representing the largest number of robbery arrestees for males was the 15-19 year old group and for females was the 15-19 year old and 35-39 year old groups (each with 2 arrests).

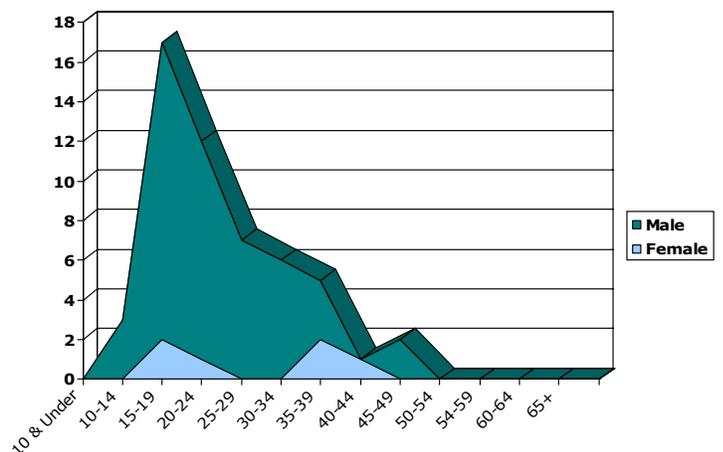
Robbery 2002-2006



Robberies by Month 2006



Robbery Arrestees by Age and Gender 2006

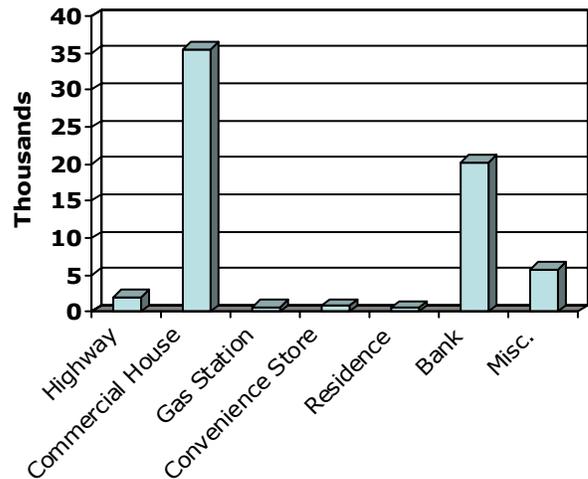


Nature of Robbery

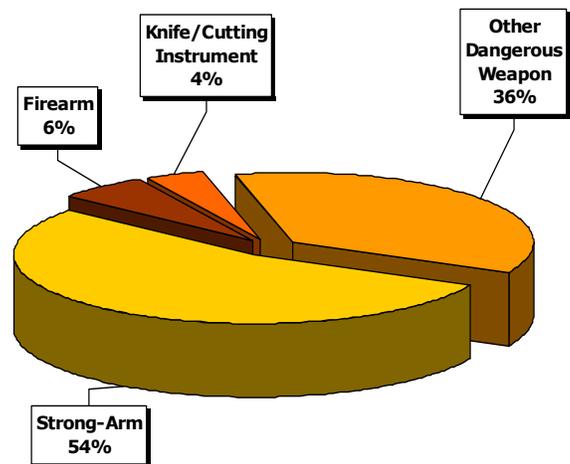
In 2006, property loss during the commission of robberies amounted to \$65,839. The amount stolen in dollar value during robberies averaged \$982.67 per incident.

Of all reported robberies in 2006, 54 percent were committed using strong arm tactics. Knives and/or cutting instruments were used in 4 percent of reported robberies. Other dangerous weapons were used in 36 percent of the robberies, and firearms were used in 6 percent.

Robbery Value Losses by Location 2006



Robbery Weapons 2006



Aggravated Assault

Definition

Aggravated Assault is defined in the UCR program as an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Statistics for aggravated assault include attempts to commit aggravated assault.

Analysis

Volume

The number of aggravated assaults committed in 2006 was 261. This represents a 12.0 percent increase from the 233 reported in 2005. More aggravated assaults occurred in June and October (27 reported) and the month of December had the fewest aggravated assaults with 13 being reported.

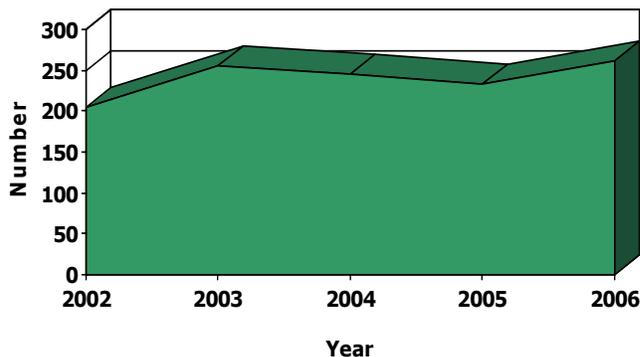
Rate

The aggravated assault rate for Harlingen in 2006 was 392.7 per 100,000 persons. The rate also increased by 12.0 percent from 2005.

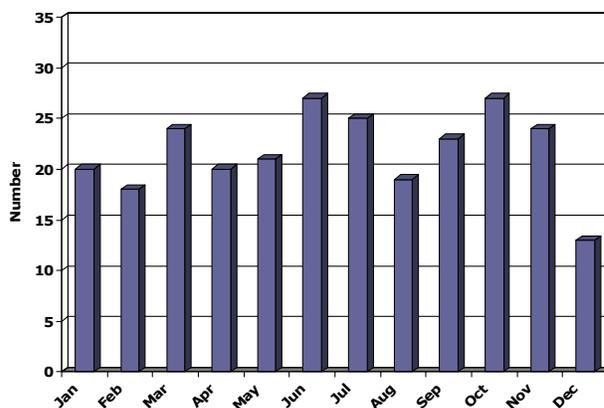
Persons Arrested

The number of persons arrested for Aggravated Assault in 2006 totaled 86. Of the 86 that were arrested, 75 were male and 11 were female. The age group representing the largest number of aggravated assault arrestees was the 20-24 year old age group for males and 35-39 year old age group for females.

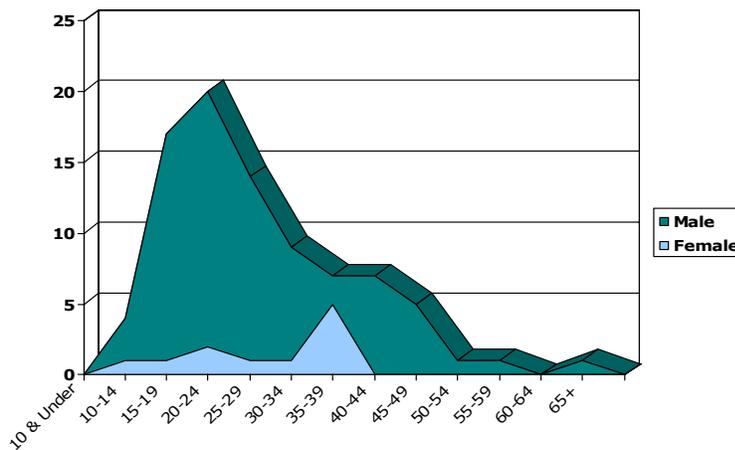
Aggravated Assaults 2002-2006



Aggravated Assaults by Month 2006



Aggravated Assaults Arrestees by Age and Gender 2006

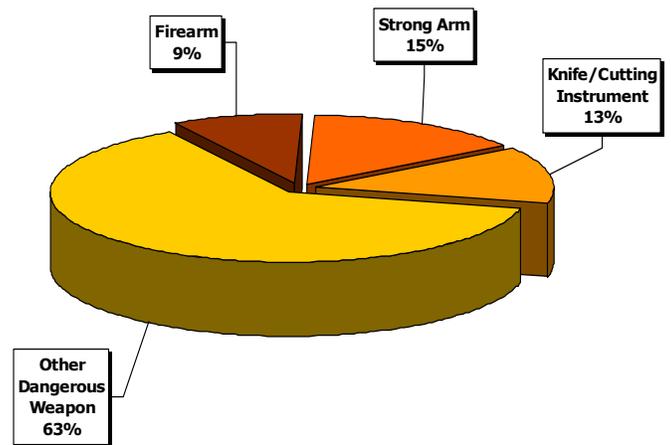


Nature of Aggravated Assaults

Of all aggravated assaults, 63 percent were committed using other dangerous weapons and 13 percent using knives and/or cutting instruments. Strong-arm tactics were used in 15 percent of the aggravated assaults, and firearms were used in the remaining 9 percent.

The use or attempted use of a dangerous weapon in an assault or the serious injury inflicted by hands, fists or feet is what separates this index offense from assaults categorized as "simple assaults." Citizens of Harlingen reported 1,252 simple assaults in 2006.

Aggravated Assaults Weapons



Burglary

Definition

Burglary is defined in the UCR program as the unlawful entry of a structure with the intent to commit a felony or a theft. While the use of force to gain entry is not required to classify an offense as burglary, attempted forcible entries to commit burglary are not counted in these crime statistics.

Analysis

Volume

The number of burglaries committed in Harlingen in 2006 was 1007. This represents a 4.5 percent decrease when compared to the burglaries committed in 2005. More burglaries were committed in December than any other month. The month with the fewest burglaries was October.

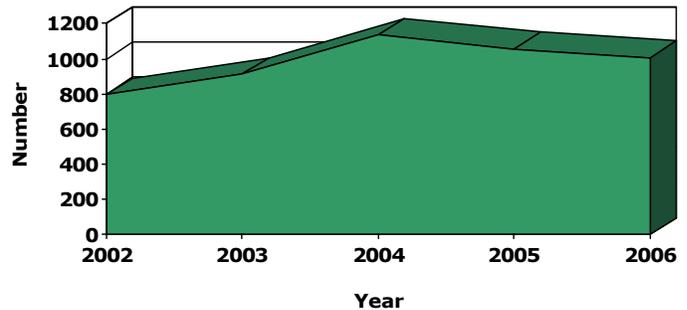
Rate

The 2006 burglary rate was 1,515.2 burglaries for every 100,000 persons. The change in the rate of burglary from 2005 shows a decrease of 4.6 percent.

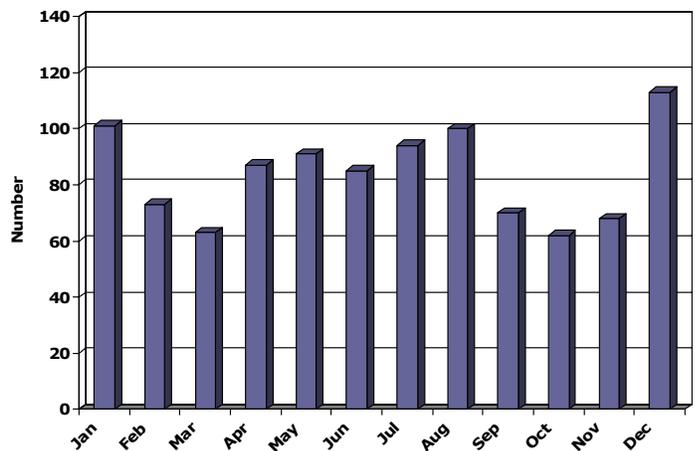
Persons Arrested

In 2006, 200 people were arrested for burglary. Of the people arrested, 170 were male and 30 were female. The age group with the largest number of burglary arrestees was the 15-19 year old group for males and the 15-19 year old group for females.

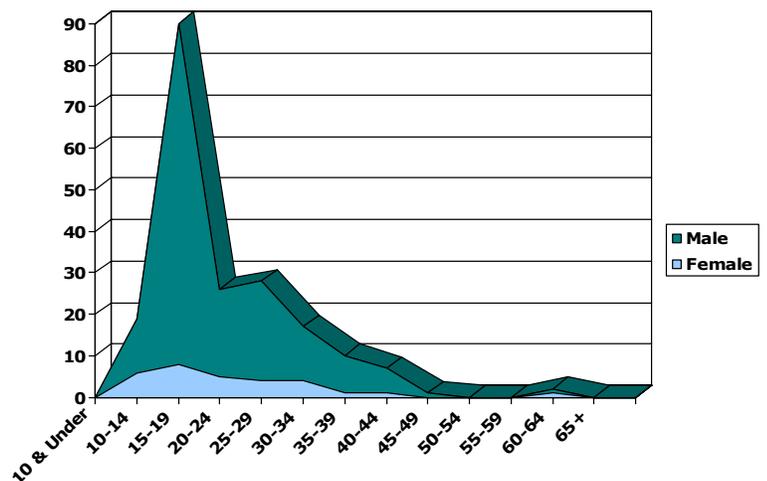
Burglary 2002-2006



Burglary by Month 2006



Burglary Arrestees by Age and Gender 2006



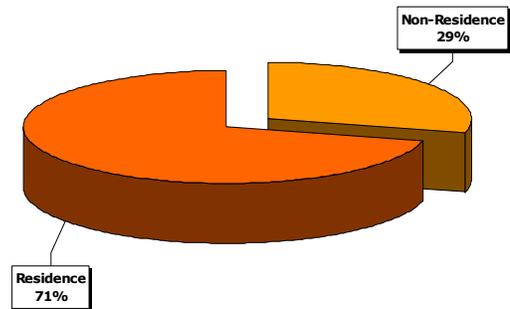
Nature of Burglary

In 2006, 71 percent of all reported burglaries occurred in residences and 29 percent occurred in non-residences. Of all reported burglaries, forcible entry accounted for 69 percent and 31 percent of the burglaries were unlawful entries without force. Of the offenses for which the time of occurrence was known, 23.5 percent occurred at night and 20.6 percent occurred in the day. (The time of occurrence was not known for 55.9 percent of the burglaries.)

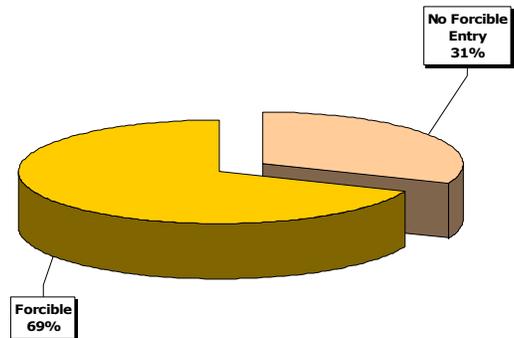
Value

In 2006, Harlingen burglary victims suffered losses totaling \$1,131,239. This total represents an increase of 12.7 percent compared to 2005.

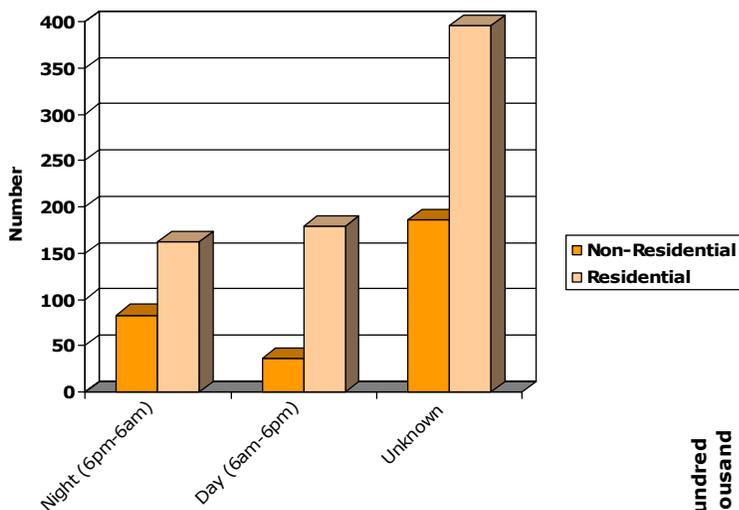
Burglary by Location 2006



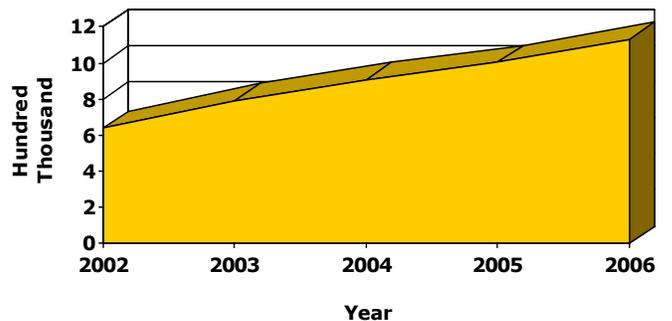
Burglary by Methods 2006



Burglary Offenses by Time of Day 2006



Value Lost to Burglary 2002-2006



Larceny/Theft

Definition

Larceny/theft is defined in the UCR program as the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Larceny/theft includes crimes such as shoplifting, pocket-picking, purse snatching, thefts from motor vehicles, theft of motor vehicle parts and accessories, bicycle thefts, and other things of value in which no use of force, violence or fraud occurs. In the UCR Program, this crime classification does not include embezzlement, "con" games, forgery and the passing of worthless checks. Motor vehicle theft is not included in this category as it is a separate index crime offense.

Analysis

Volume

The number of thefts committed in Harlingen in 2006 was 3,255 making this the largest crime category of the Index Crimes. The volume of theft decreased 6.7 percent when compared to 2005. More thefts were committed in January than any other month. The fewest thefts occurred in November. It is reasonable to expect that many offenses in this category, particularly where the value of goods stolen is small, are never reported to police agencies.

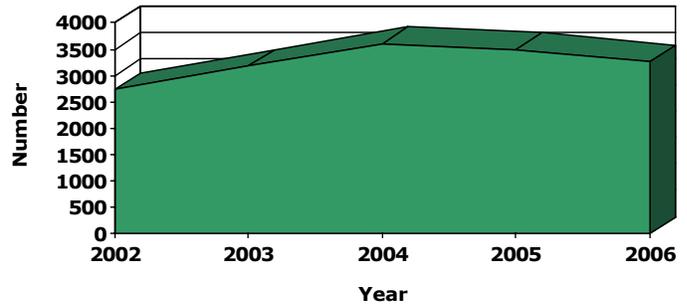
Rate

The 2006 theft rate for Harlingen was 4,897.8 thefts per 100,000 persons. The change in theft rate decreased by 6.8 percent when compared to 2005.

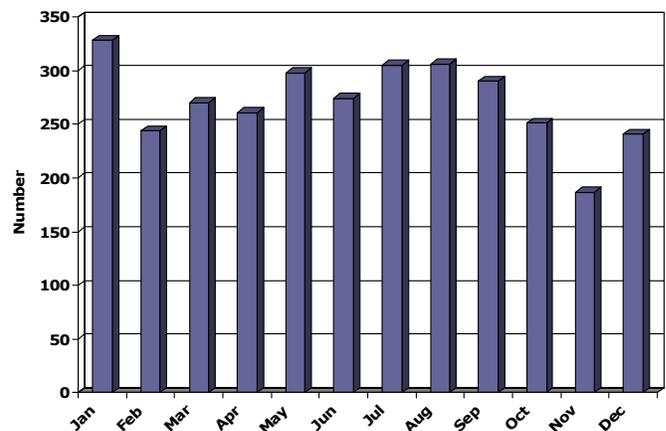
Persons Arrested

The number of persons arrested for theft in 2006 totaled 683. Of the subjects arrested, 268 were female and 415 were male. The age group with the largest number of arrests for theft was the 15-19 year old group for both males and females.

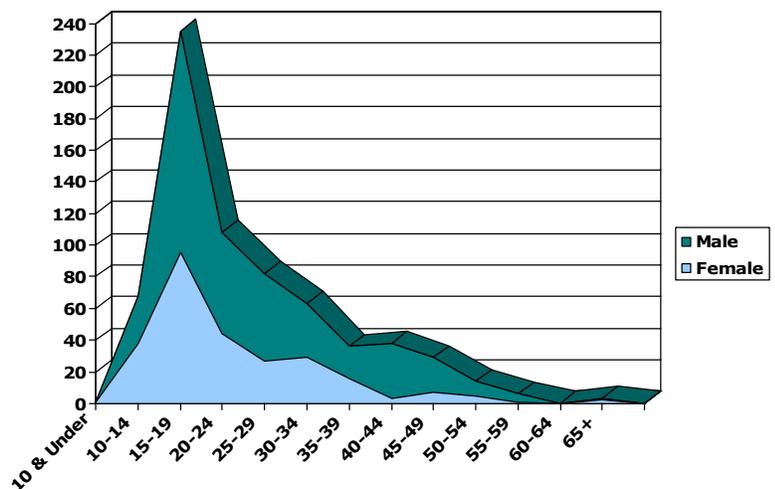
Larceny/Theft 2002-2006



Larceny/Theft by Month 2006



Larceny/Theft Arrestees by Age and Gender 2006



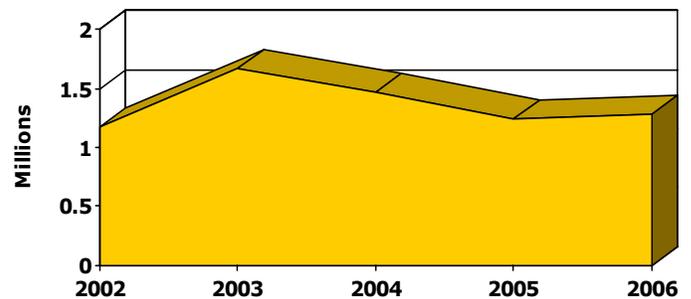
Nature of Larceny/Theft

In 2006, theft victims suffered losses totaling \$1,286,222. This is a 3.5 percent increase when compared to 2005. The average dollar loss per theft in 2006 was \$395.15.

For data collection, larceny/theft is divided into nine categories: pocket-picking, purse snatching, shoplifting, thefts from motor vehicles, theft of motor vehicle parts, theft of bicycles, theft from buildings, theft from coin-operated machines, and all other thefts (except motor vehicles).

Value of Property Stolen in Larceny/Theft - 2006	
Type of Theft	Property Value
Pick Pocket	\$7,105
Purse Snatching	\$6,639
Shoplifting	\$120,310
From Autos	\$212,637
Auto Parts	\$175,682
Bicycles	\$8,786
From Buildings	\$9,838
From Coin-Operated Machines	\$921
Other	\$744,304
Total	\$1,286,222

Value Lost to Larceny/Theft



Motor Vehicle Theft

Definition

Motor Vehicle Theft is defined in the UCR program as the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle, including joyriding. A motor vehicle is defined as a self-propelled vehicle that travels on the surface but not on rails. Specifically excluded from this category are motor boats, construction equipment, airplanes, and farming equipment

Analysis

Volume

The number of motor vehicle thefts committed in Harlingen in 2006 was 272. The volume of motor vehicle thefts increased by 18.8 percent when compared to 2005. More motor vehicle thefts were committed in October and the fewest occurred in February.

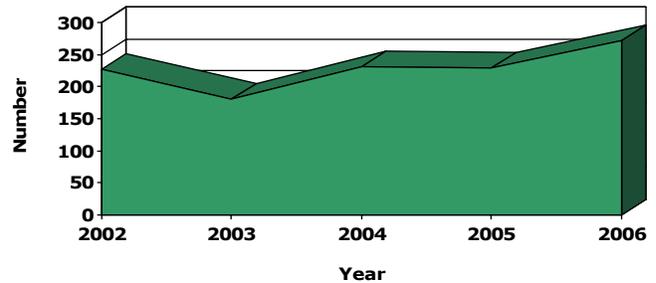
Rate

The motor vehicle theft rate for Harlingen in 2006 was 409.3 thefts per 100,000 persons. The rate increased by 18.7 percent when compared to 2005.

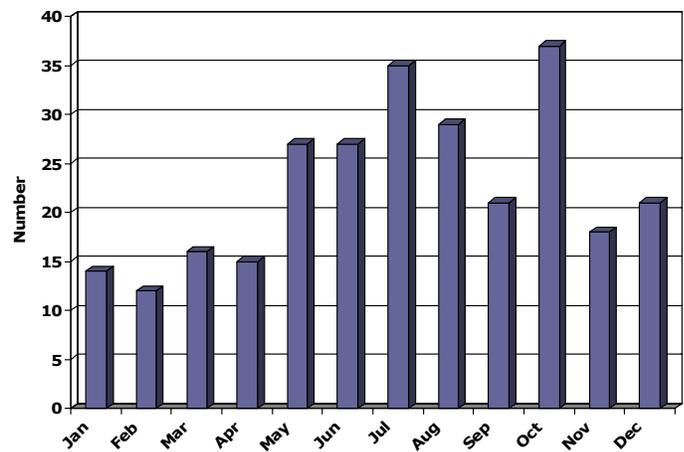
Persons Arrested

The number of persons arrested for auto theft in 2006 totaled 39. Of the 39 arrested, 33 were male and 6 were female. The age group representing the largest number of arrests was the 15-19 year old group for males and females.

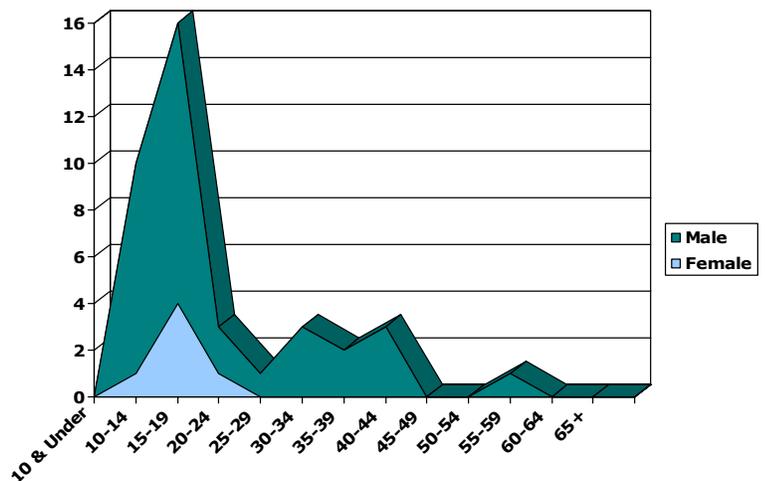
Motor Vehicle Theft 2002-2006



Motor Vehicle Thefts by Month 2006



Motor Vehicle Thefts Arrestees by Age and Gender 2006

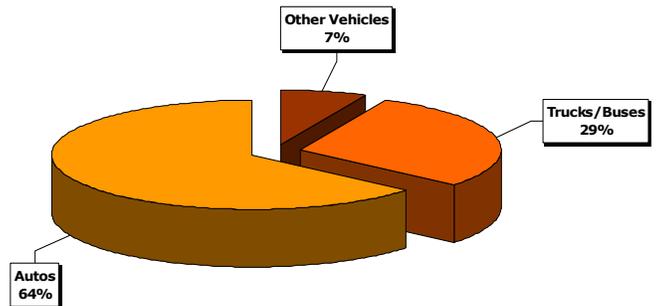


Nature of Motor Vehicle Theft

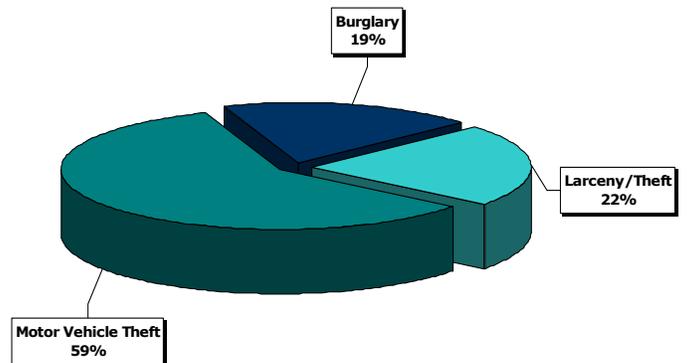
In 2006, motor vehicle theft victims suffered losses totaling \$3,435,391. The average dollar loss per vehicle was \$12,630.11. Of the types of motor vehicles reported stolen, 64 percent were autos, 29 percent were trucks/buses, and the remaining 7 percent were classified as "other vehicles."

The "other vehicles" classification includes all other motor vehicles such as snowmobiles, motorcycles, motor scooters, trail bikes, mopeds, golf carts, and the like.

Motor Vehicle Theft by Type Stolen 2006



Motor Vehicle Theft as a Percentage of Property Crime by Value 2006



Selected Non-Index Crimes

Selected Non-Index Crimes

DWI

Definition

Driving While Under the Influence (DWI) is defined in the UCR program as the driving or operating of any motor vehicle or common carrier while under the influence of liquor or narcotics.

Analysis

Volume

As with Part II non-index crimes, information on the number of reported crimes is not collected by the UCR Program for this offense. However, the number of persons arrested for this crime is collected.

The number of arrests for DWI in Harlingen in 2006 was 276. The volume of arrests decreased 18.8 percent from 2005.

Rate

The 2006 DWI arrest rate was 415.3 per 100,000 persons. The DWI arrest rate also decreased 18.9 percent when compared to 2005.

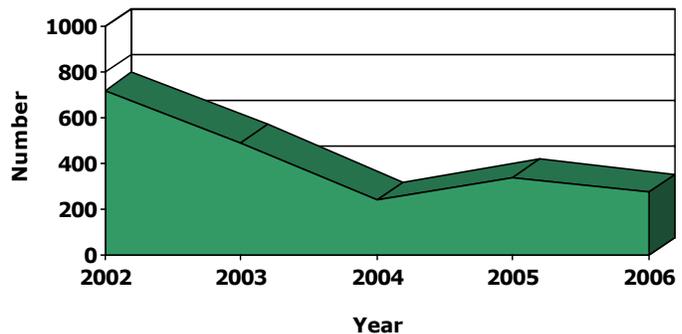
Persons Arrested

Of the 276 people arrested for DWI in 2006, 221 were males and 55 were female. The age group with the highest number of DWI arrests was the 20-24 for males and females.

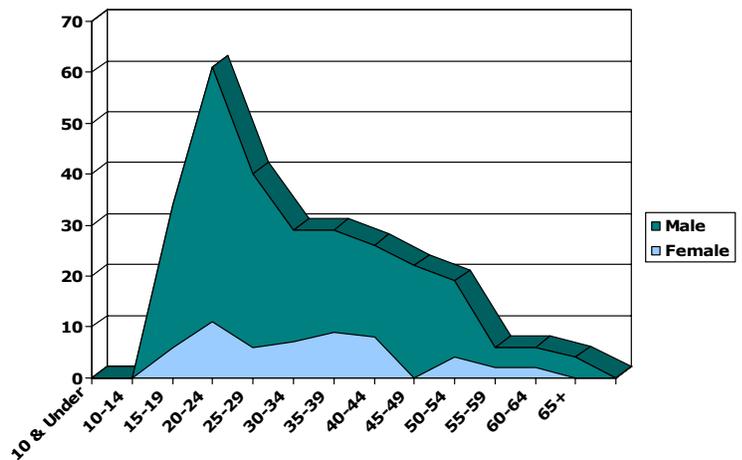
Nature of DWI Arrests

Any consideration of the number and rate of DWI arrests must be reconciled with the fact that many factors control the ability of law enforcement officers to detect drunken drivers. Among the significant factors which drive the DWI arrest rate are these: media coverage of the DWI problem, public awareness, availability of funds for patrol officer overtime, and the skill and training in DWI detection of officers.

DWI Arrests 2002-2006



DWI Arrestees by Age and Gender 2006



Drug Abuse Arrests

Definition

For UCR purposes, drug abuse encompasses all violations of the narcotic drug laws. These are offenses such as unlawful possession, sale, use, growing and manufacturing of narcotic drugs.

In this report, these violations are summarized to include all drug abuse arrests (grand total drug abuse), sale and manufacturing arrests, and drug possession arrests.

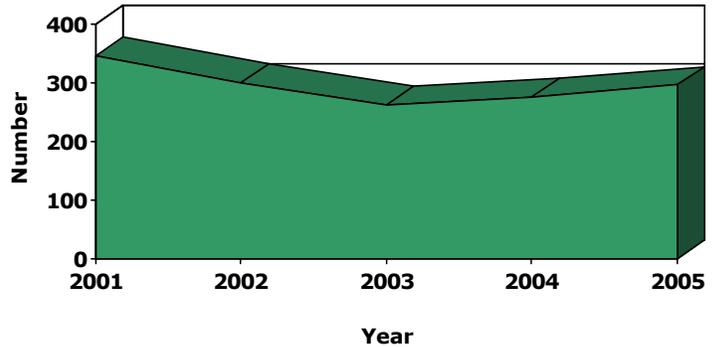
The reported number of arrests for drug abuse violations in 2005 totaled 299.

As with all Part II non-index crimes, information on the number of reported crimes is not collected for the UCR program. However, the number of persons arrested for these crimes is collected.

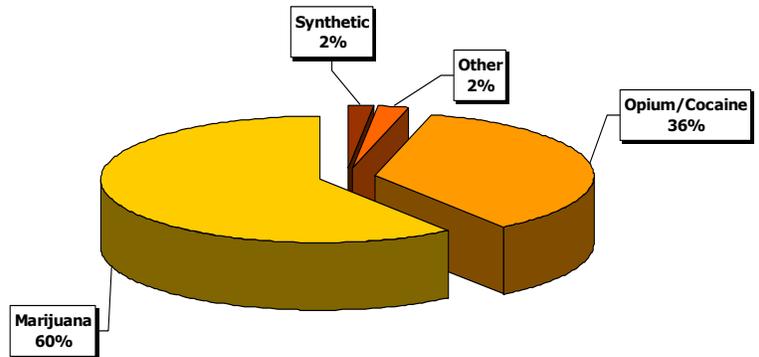
Persons Arrested

For 2006, 11 arrests were made for the sale and/or manufacturing of narcotics. The number of arrests for possession of drugs in 2006 was 288. Of those arrested, 249 were male and 50 were female. The largest number of possession arrests came from marijuana at 60 percent, followed by cocaine/opium at 36 percent, other dangerous non-narcotic drugs at 2 percent, and synthetic/manufactured drugs also at 2 percent.

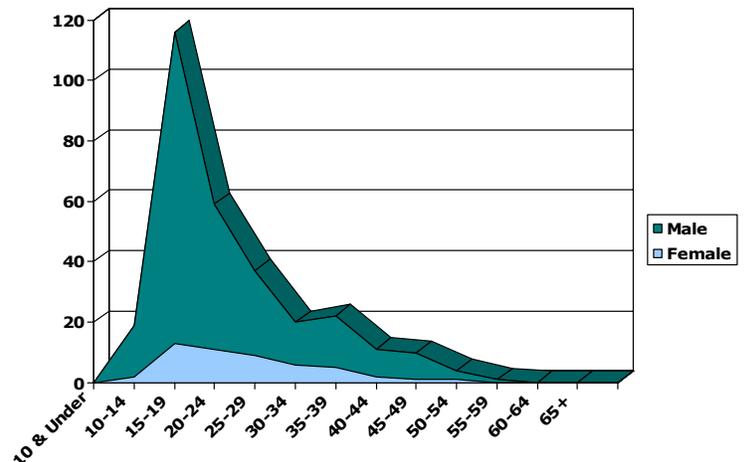
Drug Possession Arrests 2002-2006



Drug Possession Arrests by Drug Type 2006



Drug Abuse Arrestees by Age and Gender 2006



Drug Seizures

Purpose

Drug Seizure information is presented in compliance with Article 4476-15, §5.14 V.A.C.S. and its requirement that "All law enforcement agencies in this state shall file monthly with the (DPS) Director a report of all arrests for drug offense made and quantities of controlled substances seized by them during the preceding month."

Quantities

The following chart displays the quantity of illegal drugs seized by the Special Investigations Unit and Uniformed Services Division of the Harlingen Police Department. Amounts are rounded. Dose units refer to one pill, tablet, capsule or other single user quantity.

Type and Quantity of Drugs Seized		
Class	Type	Quantity
Cannabinoids	Marijuana	4,627.8 pounds
Opiates	Heroin	0 grams
Cocaine	Cocaine	363.3 pounds
	Crack	0
Hallucinogens	Designer Drugs	57 pills, tablets or capsules
Other Drugs	Barbiturates	0
	Amphetamines	30 pills, tablets or capsules
	Methamphetamines	40 pills, tablets or capsules
	Tranquilizers	71
	Synthetic Narcotics	0

Weapons Arrests

Definition

A weapon arrest is the violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons. As with all Part II non-index crimes, the UCR program collects only reports of arrests for this offense.

Analysis

Volume

In 2006, 29 arrests for weapon violations were reported. The number of arrests decreased by 9.4 percent compared to 2005.

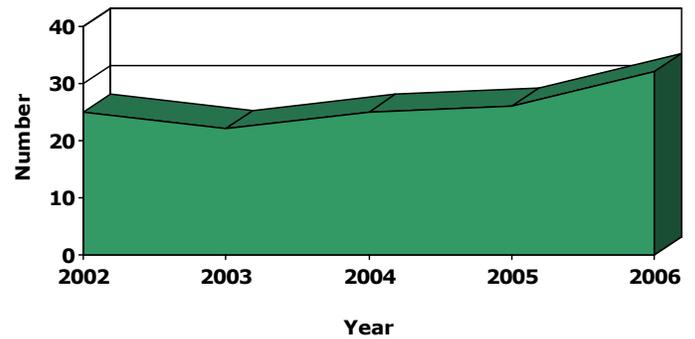
Rate

The weapons arrest rate for 2006 was 43.6 arrests per 100,000 persons.

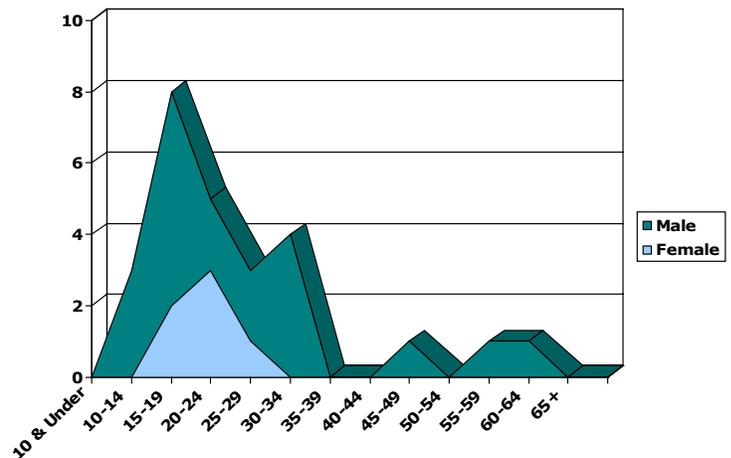
Persons Arrested

There was 1 female and 28 males arrested. The age group with the highest number of weapon violations was the 15-19 year old group for males.

Weapons Arrests 2002-2006



Weapons Arrestees by Age and Gender 2006



Family Violence*

Definition

The Texas Family Code defines Family Violence as an act by a member of a family or household against another member that is intended to result in physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or a threat that reasonably places the member in fear of imminent physical harm. The law excludes the reasonable discipline of a child and defines abuse as physical injury that results in substantial harm or genuine threat; sexual contact, intercourse, or conduct; or compelling or encouraging the child to engage in sexual conduct.

By definition and for the purposes of family violence reports, 'family' includes individuals related by consanguinity (blood) or affinity, marriage or former marriage, biological parents of the same child, foster children, foster parents, and members or former members of the same household (including roommates).

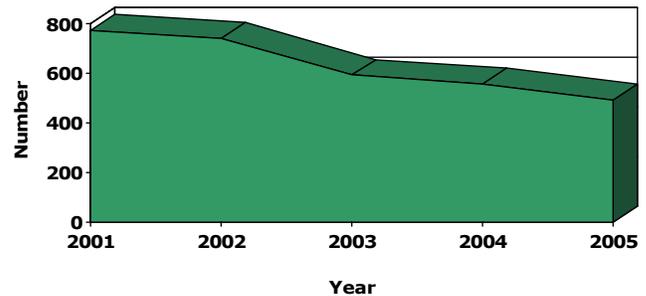
Analysis

Volume

In 2005, the total reported number of family violence incidents was 493. This represents an 11.2 percent decrease when compared to 2004. These incidents involved 496 victims (down 13.3 percent from 2004) and 487 offenders (down 14.0 percent from 2004).

*Latest available data is for 2005. The 2006 data from the Texas Department of Public Safety will not be available until later this year.

Family Violence Incidents 2001-2005



Offense	2005	2004	% Change
Reported Incidents	493	555	-11.2%
Reported Victims	496	572	-13.3%
Reported Offenders	487	566	-14.0%

Calls for Service

Harlingen Calls for Service Clock 2006



One
CALL FOR SERVICE
Every 6.2 minutes

One
INTOXICATION CALL
Every 11.7 hours

One
MISCELLANEOUS
Every 47.4 minutes

One
REPOSSESSION
Every 26.3 hours

One
SUSPICIOUS CIRCUMSTANCE
Every 47.1 minutes

One
TRAFFIC ACCIDENT
Every 3.1 hours

One
TRAFFIC RELATED
Every 31.1 minutes

One
ALARM CALL
Every 1.2 hours

One
ANIMAL RELATED
Every 6.0 hours

One
ASSISTANCE TO THE PUBLIC
Every 59.3 minutes

One
CRIME AGAINST A PERSON
Every 2.3 hours

One
CRIME AGAINST PROPERTY
Every 53.6 minutes

One
DISTURBANCE
Every 1.1 hours

One
DRUG RELATED
Every 17.1 hours

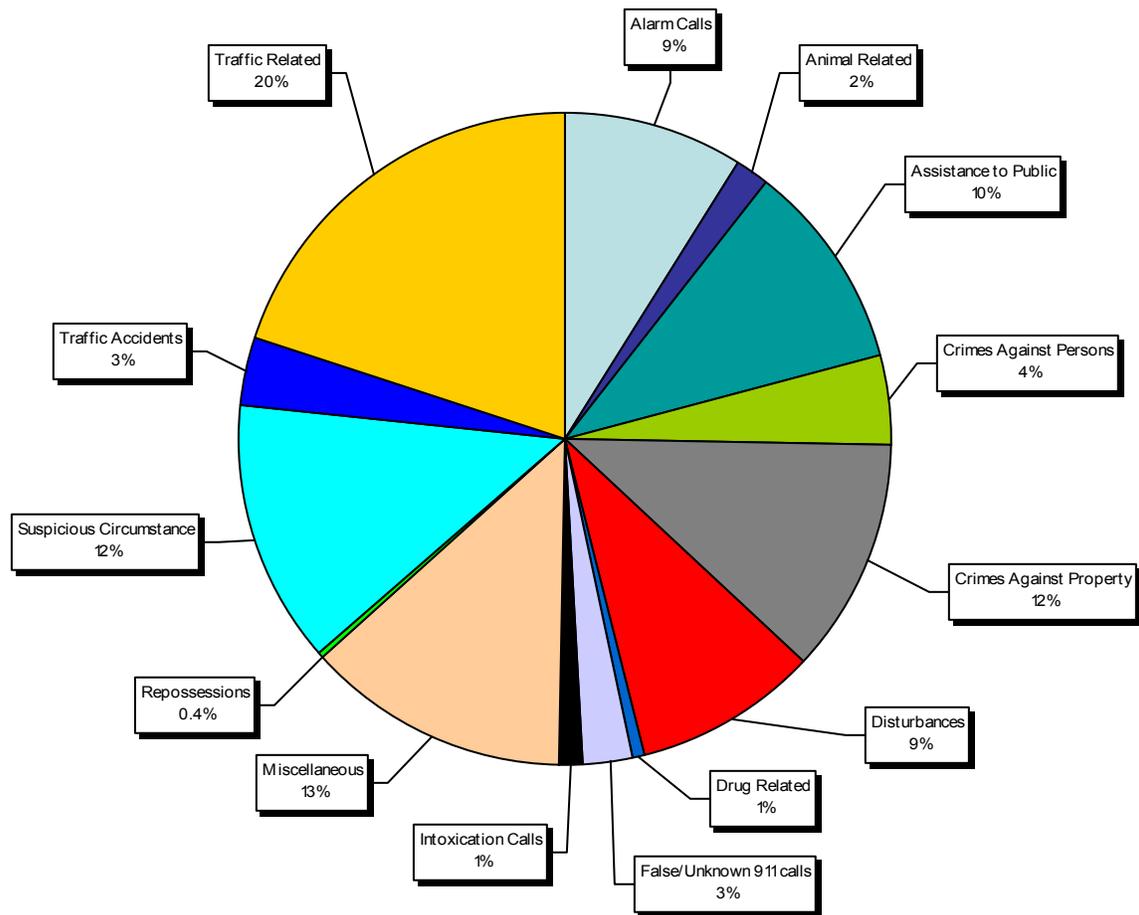
One
FALSE/UNKNOWN 911 CALL
Every 3.9 hours

During 2006, the Harlingen Police Department responded to 84,852 calls for service. (A decrease of 4.9 percent compared to 2005).

This mode of display represents the annual ratio of calls for service to fixed time intervals.

This is an aggregate representation of UCR data, it is designed to convey the annual service call experience by showing the relative frequency of occurrence.

Calls for Service 2006



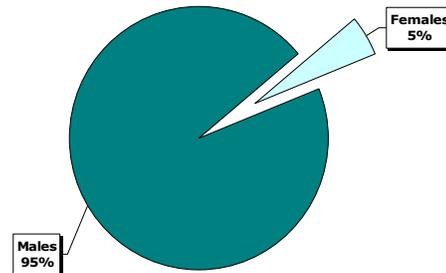
Law Enforcement Personnel

Law Enforcement Personnel 2006

Commissioned Personnel

At the end of calendar year 2006, the Harlingen Police Department employed 118 full-time sworn officers. The average number of officers per 1000 citizens of Harlingen is 1.8. Of the 118 officers, 96 percent were male and 4 percent were female. The Harlingen Police Department is currently authorized 127 sworn officers. At the end of 2006, there were 3 recruits attending the police academy.

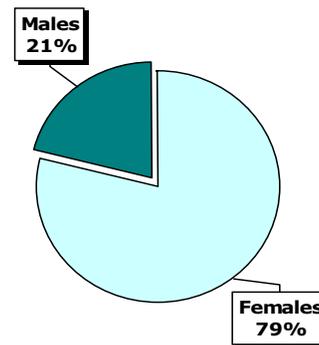
Percentage of Male and Female Sworn Officers



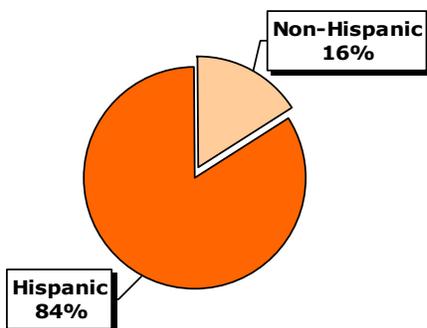
Civilian Personnel

At the end of calendar year 2006, the Harlingen Police Department employed 34 civilian employees which included Records Clerks, Office Assistants, Communications Personnel, Administrative Assistants, Booking Officers, and Crossing Guards. Of the 34 civilians employed last year, 38 percent were male and 62 percent were female. The Harlingen Police Department is authorized 48 civilian employees.

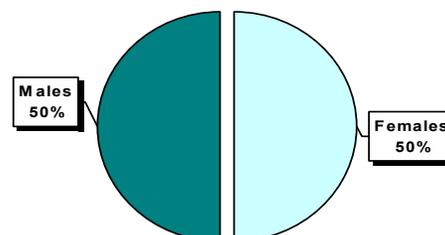
Percentage of Male and Female Civilian Employees



Employee Ethnicity



Percentage of Male and Female Recruits attending the Police Academy as of 12/31/06



Harlingen Arrest Data 2006

Summary of Arrest Data 2006

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES	JUVENILE	ADULT	TOTAL
Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	1	3	4
Manslaughter by negligence	0	2	2
Forcible Rape	1	7	8
Robbery	11	42	53
Aggravated Assault	12	74	86
Burglary-Breaking & Entering	74	126	200
Larceny -Theft (except auto theft)	169	514	683
Motor Vehicle Theft	20	19	39
Other Assaults	68	355	423
Arson	0	3	3
Forgery and Counterfeiting	0	23	23
Fraud	0	25	25
Embezzlement	0	1	1
Stolen Property;Buying, Receiving, Possessing	1	10	11
Vandalism	53	85	138
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	5	24	29
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	0	2	2
Sex Offenses (except forcible rape & prostitution)	5	35	40
Drug Abuse Violations GRAND TOTAL	62	237	299
(1) Sale/Manufacturing SUBTOTAL	0	11	11
Opium or Cocaine & their derivatives	0	6	6
Marijuana	0	3	3
Synthetic/Manufactured Drugs	0	0	0
Other-Dangerous non-narcotic drugs	0	2	2
(2) Possession SUBTOTAL	62	226	288
Opium or Cocaine & their derivatives	5	98	103
Marijuana	54	120	174
Synthetic/Manufactured Drugs	2	3	5
Other-Dangerous non-narcotic drugs	1	5	6
Gambling TOTAL	0	0	0
Bookmaking (horse & sport book)	0	0	0
Numbers and Lottery	0	0	0
All Other Gambling	0	0	0
Offenses Against Family & Children	0	6	6
Driving Under the Influence	1	275	276
Liquor Laws	7	30	37
Drunkenness	9	641	650
Disorderly Conduct	93	113	206
Vagrancy	0	0	0
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	53	263	316
Curfew and Loitering	0	N/A	0
Runaways	43	N/A	43
TOTAL	688	2915	3603

Male Juvenile Arrests 2006

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES	<10	10-12	13-14	15	16	Total
Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	1	0	0	1
Manslaughter by negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	1	0	0	0	1
Robbery	0	0	3	3	4	10
Aggravated Assault	0	1	2	2	6	11
Burglary-Breaking & Entering	0	2	11	23	26	62
Larceny -Theft (except auto theft)	0	5	25	22	28	80
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	2	7	3	4	16
Other Assaults	0	8	9	11	15	43
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery and Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property;Buying, Receiving, Possessing	0	0	0	1	0	1
Vandalism	0	2	11	12	25	50
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	0	0	0	2	3	5
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses (except forcible rape & prostitution)	0	2	0	1	2	5
Drug Abuse Violations GRAND TOTAL	0	4	13	19	19	55
(1) Sale/Manufacturing SUBTOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0
Opium or Cocaine & their derivatives	0	0	0	0	0	0
Marijuana	0	0	0	0	0	0
Synthetic/Manufactured Drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other-Dangerous non-narcotic drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0
(2) Possession SUBTOTAL	0	4	13	19	19	55
Opium or Cocaine & their derivatives	0	0	0	1	3	4
Marijuana	0	4	11	17	16	48
Synthetic/Manufactured Drugs	0	0	1	1	0	2
Other-Dangerous non-narcotic drugs	0	0	1	0	0	1
Gambling TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bookmaking (horse & sport book)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Numbers and Lottery	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Offenses Against Family & Children	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Under the Influence	0	0	0	0	1	1
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	1	2	3
Drunkenness	0	1	2	1	1	5
Disorderly Conduct	0	3	12	16	17	48
Vagrancy	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	1	3	8	16	19	47
Curfew and Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaways	0	0	6	5	1	12
TOTAL	1	34	110	138	173	456

Female Juvenile Arrests 2006

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES	<10	10-12	13-14	15	16	Total
Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	1	0	1
Aggravated Assault	0	0	1	0	0	1
Burglary-Breaking & Entering	0	1	5	4	2	12
Larceny -Theft (except auto theft)	1	5	33	27	23	89
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	1	0	3	4
Other Assaults	0	5	7	5	8	25
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery and Counterfeiting	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	0
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property;Buying, Receiving, Possessing	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	0	0	1	1	1	3
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses (except forcible rape & prostitution)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Abuse Violations GRAND TOTAL	0	0	2	5	0	7
(1) Sale/Manufacturing SUBTOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0
Opium or Cocaine & their derivatives	0	0	0	0	0	0
Marijuana	0	0	0	0	0	0
Synthetic/Manufactured Drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other-Dangerous non-narcotic drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0
(2) Possession SUBTOTAL	0	0	2	5	0	7
Opium or Cocaine & their derivatives	0	0	0	1	0	1
Marijuana	0	0	2	4	0	6
Synthetic/Manufactured Drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other-Dangerous non-narcotic drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bookmaking (horse & sport book)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Numbers and Lottery	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0
Offenses Against Family & Children	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Under the Influence	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	1	3	4
Drunkenness	0	1	2	1	0	4
Disorderly Conduct	0	4	17	11	13	45
Vagrancy	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	0	0	2	1	3	6
Curfew and Loitering	0	0	0	0	0	0
Runaways	0	0	14	12	5	31
TOTAL	1	16	85	69	61	232

Male Adult Arrests 2006

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25-29	Total
Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Forcible Rape	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	5
Robbery	3	5	0	9	0	1	0	1	7	26
Aggravated Assault	4	3	1	5	1	3	4	5	13	39
Burglary-Breaking & Entering	11	14	8	4	5	2	3	7	24	78
Larceny -Theft (except auto theft)	33	33	24	12	13	11	16	12	55	209
Motor Vehicle Theft	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	8
Other Assaults	8	9	8	6	20	11	13	8	46	129
Arson	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3
Forgery and Counterfeiting	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	7
Fraud	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	3	8
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property;Buying, Receiving, Possessing	2	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	1	7
Vandalism	18	6	2	4	2	2	2	2	9	47
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	4	2	2	1	3	0	0	0	6	18
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses (except forcible rape & prostitution)	2	2	2	1	1	0	1	0	1	10
Drug Abuse Violations GRAND TOTAL	20	20	25	14	12	7	9	6	28	141
(1) Sale/Manufacturing SUBTOTAL	0	2	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	7
Opium or Cocaine & their derivatives	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	1	5
Marijuana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Synthetic/Manufactured Drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other-Dangerous non-narcotic drugs	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
(2) Possession SUBTOTAL	20	18	25	14	12	6	6	6	27	134
Opium or Cocaine & their derivatives	6	5	6	6	2	2	2	4	12	45
Marijuana	14	13	17	7	10	4	3	2	14	84
Synthetic/Manufactured Drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
Other-Dangerous non-narcotic drugs	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
Gambling TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bookmaking (horse & sport book)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Numbers and Lottery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Offenses Against Family & Children	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	3
Driving Under the Influence	6	7	14	14	12	5	7	12	34	111
Liquor Laws	5	7	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	18
Drunkenness	21	14	16	13	25	12	14	19	76	210
Disorderly Conduct	22	5	4	4	3	2	1	4	9	54
Vagrancy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	12	11	15	11	10	13	3	5	38	118
TOTAL	175	144	131	101	110	71	76	85	358	1251

Male Adult Arrests 2006 (cont.)

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65+	Total
Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3
Manslaughter by negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Robbery	6	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	11
Aggravated Assault	8	2	7	5	1	1	0	1	25
Burglary-Breaking & Entering	13	9	6	1	0	0	1	0	30
Larceny -Theft (except auto theft)	34	20	35	22	9	5	0	1	126
Motor Vehicle Theft	3	2	3	0	0	1	0	0	9
Other Assaults	45	36	29	21	7	7	2	3	150
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery and Counterfeiting	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4
Fraud	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property;Buying, Receiving, Possessing	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2
Vandalism	4	4	0	5	1	2	0	0	16
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	1	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	5
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses (except forcible rape & prostitution)	4	5	2	9	0	0	0	2	22
Drug Abuse Violations GRAND TOTAL	14	17	9	9	3	1	0	0	53
(1) Sale/Manufacturing SUBTOTAL	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	4
Opium or Cocaine & their derivatives	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Marijuana	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	3
Synthetic/Manufactured Drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other-Dangerous non-narcotic drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(2) Possession SUBTOTAL	13	17	9	7	3	0	0	0	49
Opium or Cocaine & their derivatives	7	11	6	6	3	0	0	0	33
Marijuana	6	6	2	1	0	0	0	0	15
Synthetic/Manufactured Drugs	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Other-Dangerous non-narcotic drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling TOTAL	0	0	0						
Bookmaking (horse & sport book)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Numbers and Lottery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Offenses Against Family & Children	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Driving Under the Influence	22	20	18	22	15	4	4	4	109
Liquor Laws	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	5
Drunkenness	61	53	66	68	42	20	15	6	331
Disorderly Conduct	10	3	2	4	2	0	0	2	23
Vagrancy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	21	20	10	16	11	4	2	1	85
TOTAL	253	197	191	189	92	45	26	20	1013

Female Adult Arrests 2006

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25-29	Total
Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
Aggravated Assault	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	4
Burglary-Breaking & Entering	0	1	1	2	0	0	2	1	4	11
Larceny -Theft (except auto theft)	19	17	9	8	9	13	6	8	27	116
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
Other Assaults	8	2	6	0	0	6	2	5	10	39
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery and Counterfeiting	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	3	7
Fraud	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	9	10
Embezzlement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stolen Property;Buying, Receiving, Possessing	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Vandalism	1	2	3	1	1	3	0	0	3	14
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses (except forcible rape & prostitution)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2
Drug Abuse Violations GRAND TOTAL	4	3	1	2	2	2	3	2	9	28
(1) Sale/Manufacturing SUBTOTAL	0	0								
Opium or Cocaine & their derivatives	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Marijuana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Synthetic/Manufactured Drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other-Dangerous non-narcotic drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(2) Possession SUBTOTAL	4	3	1	2	2	2	3	2	9	28
Opium or Cocaine & their derivatives	2	3	0	0	2	1	2	1	2	13
Marijuana	2	0	1	2	0	1	1	1	7	15
Synthetic/Manufactured Drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other-Dangerous non-narcotic drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gambling TOTAL	0	0								
Bookmaking (horse & sport book)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Numbers and Lottery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Offenses Against Family & Children	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2
Driving Under the Influence	1	3	2	4	2	4	0	1	6	23
Liquor Laws	1	1	2	2	0	0	1	0	0	7
Drunkenness	3	5	4	4	2	6	1	3	13	41
Disorderly Conduct	9	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	6	21
Vagrancy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	4	0	4	2	5	3	1	3	9	31
TOTAL	55	38	34	29	24	39	18	24	101	362

Female Adult Arrests 2006 (cont.)

CLASSIFICATION OF OFFENSES	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65+	Total
Murder and non-negligent manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forcible Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
Aggravated Assault	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
Burglary-Breaking & Entering	4	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	7
Larceny -Theft (except auto theft)	29	16	3	7	5	1	0	2	63
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Assaults	7	9	6	8	2	3	2	0	37
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Forgery and Counterfeiting	3	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	5
Fraud	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	5
Embezzlement	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Stolen Property;Buying, Receiving, Possessing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vandalism	0	2	4	1	0	1	0	0	8
Weapons; Carrying, Possessing, etc.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Prostitution and Commercialized Vice	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Sex Offenses (except forcible rape & prostitution)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Drug Abuse Violations GRAND TOTAL	6	5	2	1	1	0	0	0	15
(1) Sale/Manufacturing SUBTOTAL	0	0	0						
Opium or Cocaine & their derivatives	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Marijuana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Synthetic/Manufactured Drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other-Dangerous non-narcotic drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(2) Possession SUBTOTAL	6	5	2	1	1	0	0	0	15
Opium or Cocaine & their derivatives	4	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
Marijuana	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	6
Synthetic/Manufactured Drugs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other-Dangerous non-narcotic drugs	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
Gambling TOTAL	0	0	0						
Bookmaking (horse & sport book)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Numbers and Lottery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Gambling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Offenses Against Family & Children	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Driving Under the Influence	7	9	8	0	4	2	2	0	32
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drunkenness	11	21	10	15	2	0	0	0	59
Disorderly Conduct	5	4	5	1	0	0	0	0	15
Vagrancy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	10	7	1	4	3	2	2	0	29
TOTAL	87	85	43	38	17	9	8	2	289

Appendices

Uniform Crime Reporting Offenses

Offenses in Uniform Crime Reporting are divided into two groups designated as Part I and Part II offenses. Offense and arrest information is reported for the Part I offenses, while only arrest information is reported for Part II offenses.

Part I Offenses

Criminal Homicide – (a) Murder and non-negligent manslaughter: All willful felonious homicides as distinguished from deaths caused by negligence. Excluded are attempts to kill, assaults, to kill, suicides, accidental deaths and justifiable homicides. Justifiable homicides are limited to: the killing of a person by a law enforcement officer in the line of duty; and the killing of a person in the act of committing a felony by a private citizen; (b) Manslaughter by negligence: any death which the police investigation established was primarily attributable to gross negligence of some individual other than the victim.

Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter – The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another. This includes any death due to injuries received in a fight, argument, quarrel, assault, or commission of a crime. Suicides, accidental deaths, assaults to murder, traffic fatalities and attempted murders are not included.

Justifiable Homicide – The killing of a person by a law enforcement officer in the line of duty; or the killing (during the commission of a felony) of a felon by a private citizen.

Manslaughter by Negligence – The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Forcible Rape – The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will.

Robbery – The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault – An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Burglary – The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or theft. This includes breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safe cracking; and all attempts at these offenses.

Larceny/Theft – The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. This includes pocket-picking, purse-snatching, shoplifting, theft from motor vehicles, theft of motor vehicle parts and accessories, theft of bicycles, theft from buildings, theft from coin-operated machines, and all thefts that don't fit into the above mentioned categories.

Motor Vehicle Theft – The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle, which is defined as a self-propelled vehicle that runs on land surface and not on rails.

Glossary of Terms

Adult – In Texas, an adult is a person 17 years of age or over. National law provides that adults are age 18 or over. Unless otherwise indicated, this publication follows the state definition.

Cleared by Arrest or Exceptional Means – For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, an offense is cleared by arrest or solved when at least one person is arrested, charged with the commission of an offense and turned over to court for prosecution. In certain situations, police are not able to follow these three steps and, if the following four conditions can be met, the offense can be cleared exceptionally: (1) the investigation has definitely established the identity of the offender; (2) there is enough information to support an arrest, charge, and turning over to the court for prosecution; (3) the exact location of the offender is known so that he could be taken into custody; (4) there is some reason outside the police control that prevents the arresting, charging, and prosecuting of the offender.

Crime Index – The sum of seven index offenses used to measure the extent, fluctuation and distribution of a crime in a given geographical area. Crime classifications used in the Crime Index are: murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny/theft and motor vehicle theft. While arson is also an index offense, it is not part of the Crime Index.

Crime Rate – The number of offenses per 100,000 inhabitants. To calculate a crime rate, divide the population by 100,000 and then divide the number of offenses by that answer. The crime rate is useful in determining the relative frequency of crime without regard to fluctuations in population.

Index Crime – A crime for which reports of offenses committed are collected. Index crimes are murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny/theft, motor vehicle theft and arson.

Juvenile – In Texas, a juvenile is a person 16 years of age or under.

Non-Violent Crime – Property crimes; the index offenses of burglary, larceny/theft and motor vehicle theft.

Personal Weapon – The use of hands, feet, fists and teeth as a weapon to commit a crime; also termed strong-arm weapon.

Strong-Arm Weapons – The use of hands, feet, fists and teeth as a weapon to commit a crime. Also termed personal weapon.

Threat – A declared intent to inflict bodily harm on a person.

Violent Crime – Consists of the Index Offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault. Also referred to as crimes against persons.